

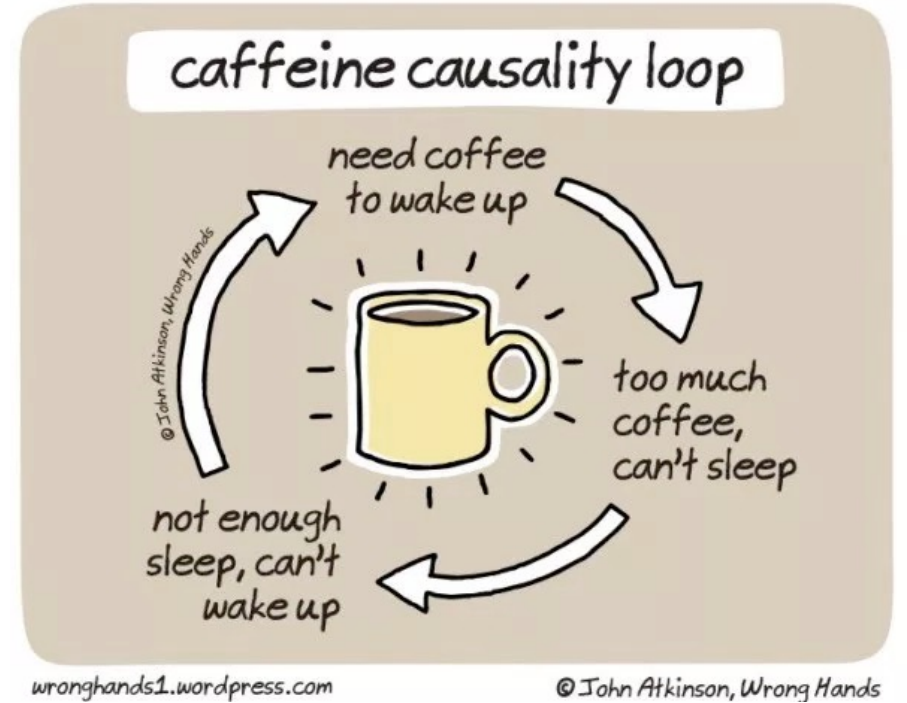
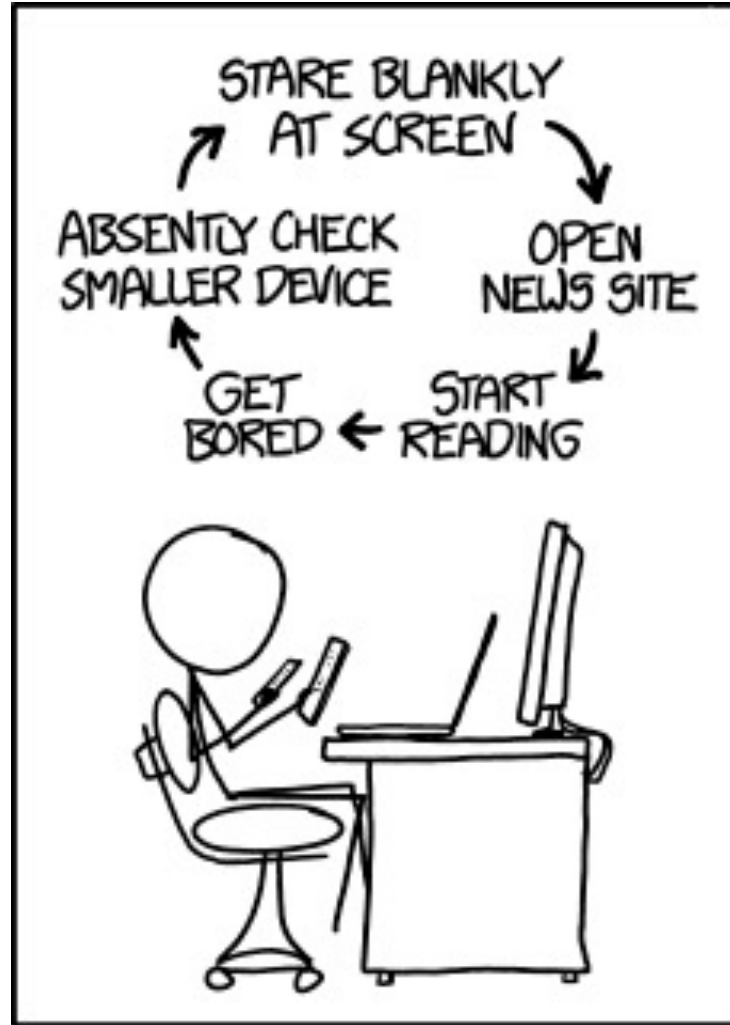
Intro to Coding with Python– Loops

Dr. Ab Mosca (they/them)

Plan for Today

- While loops

Loops: a familiar idea



Loops in computer programming

- Sometimes, we want to do the exact same thing multiple times
- Ideally, we can write the code we need repeated once, and tell the computer to repeat it as many times as needed

Loops in computer programming

- Sometimes, we want to do the exact same thing multiple times
- Ideally, we can write the code we need repeated once, and tell the computer to repeat it as many times as needed
- Enter: *Loops*

Loops in computer programming

- Sometimes, we want to do the exact same thing multiple times
- Ideally, we can write the code we need repeated once, and tell the computer to repeat it as many times as needed
- Enter: *Loops*
- A *loop* is a chunk of code that we tell the computer to continuously repeated for a specified time

Loops in computer programming

- Sometimes, we want to do the exact same thing multiple times
- Ideally, we can write the code we need repeated once, and tell the computer to repeat it as many times as needed
- Enter: *Loops*
- A *loop* is a chunk of code that we tell the computer to continuously repeated for a specified time
- There are three main approaches:
 - run **until** some condition is met
 - run for **each item** in a list
 - run a specific **number of times**

Loops in computer programming

- Sometimes, we want to do the exact same thing multiple times
- Ideally, we can write the code we need repeated once, and tell the computer to repeat it as many times as needed
- Enter: *Loops*
- A *loop* is a chunk of code that we tell the computer to continuously repeated for a specified time
- There are three main approaches:
 - run **until** some condition is met
 - run for **each item** in a list
 - run a specific **number of times**

while loops

- In a *while loop*, code repeats **until something happens**
- While loops are paired with a conditional (True/False) statement

```
*Untitled*  
x = 0  
while (x < 10):  
    x += 1
```

use the keyword
while

Ln: 3 Col: 10

while loops

- In a *while loop*, code repeats **until something happens**
- While loops are paired with a conditional (True/False) statement

```
*Untitled*  
x = 0  
while (x < 10):  
    x += 1
```

conditional statement

Ln: 3 Col: 10

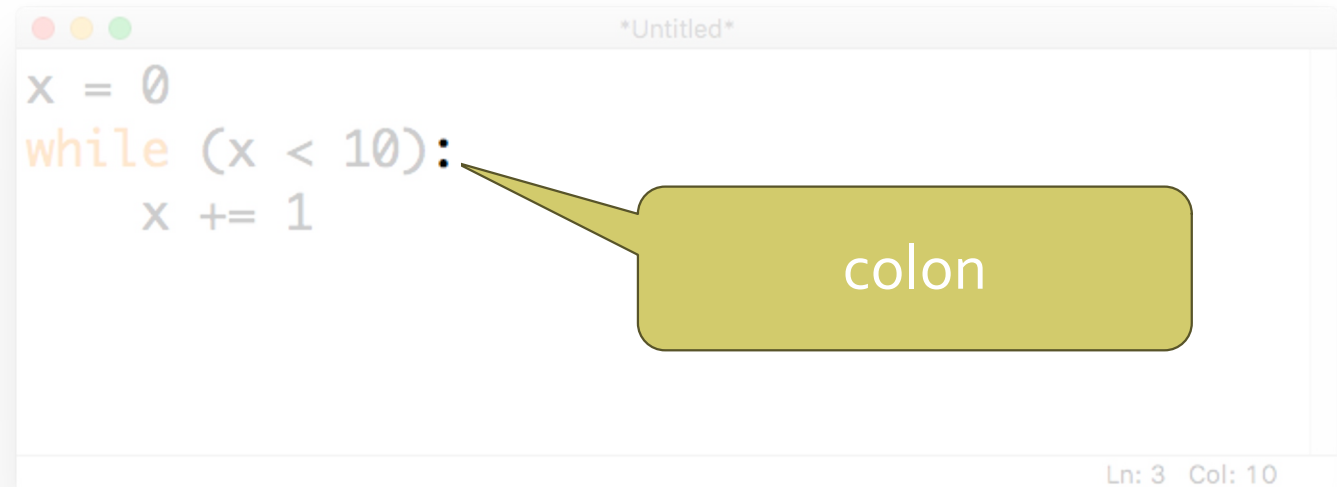
while loops

- In a *while loop*, code repeats **until something happens**
- While loops are paired with a conditional (True/False) statement

```
*Untitled*  
x = 0  
while (x < 10):  
    x += 1
```

colon

Ln: 3 Col: 10



while loops

- In a *while loop*, code repeats **until something happens**
- While loops are paired with a conditional (True/False) statement

```
*Untitled*  
x = 0  
while (x < 10):  
    x += 1
```

indented code to be repeated

Ln: 3 Col: 10

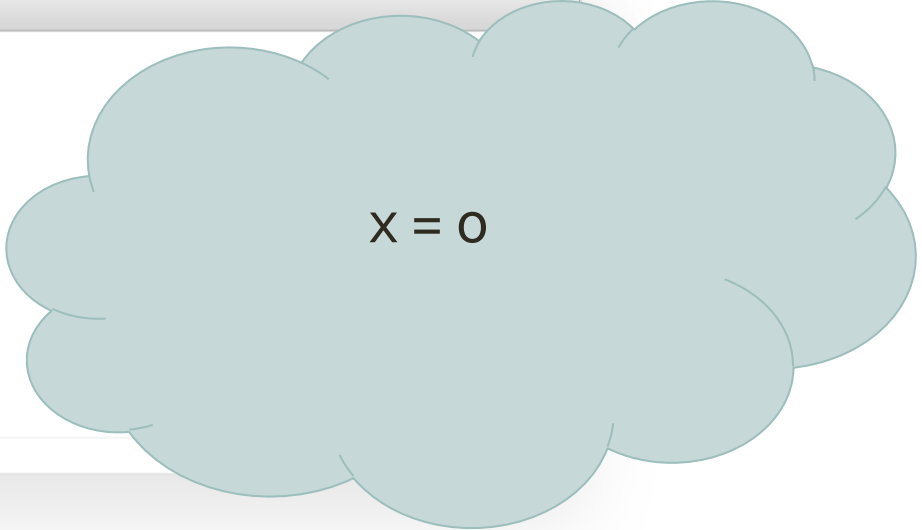
while loops

```
*Untitled*
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
Ln: 3 Col: 10
```

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
*Untitled*  
x = 0  
while (x < 10):  
    x += 1
```



- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 0
Is $0 < 10$? Yes,
proceed to indented
code chunk

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 1
End of code chunk,
check condition
again

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 1
Is 1 < 10? Yes,
proceed to indented
code chunk

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 2
End of code chunk,
check condition
again

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 2
Is 2 < 10? Yes,
proceed to indented
code chunk

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 3
End of code chunk,
check condition
again

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 3
Is 3 < 10? Yes,
proceed to indented
code chunk

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 4
End of code chunk,
check condition
again

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 4
Is 4 < 10? Yes,
proceed to indented
code chunk

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 5
End of code chunk,
check condition
again

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 5
Is 5 < 10? Yes,
proceed to indented
code chunk

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 6
End of code chunk,
check condition
again

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 6
Is 6 < 10? Yes,
proceed to indented
code chunk

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 7
End of code chunk,
check condition
again

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 7
Is 7 < 10? Yes,
proceed to indented
code chunk

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 8
End of code chunk,
check condition
again

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 8
Is 8 < 10? Yes,
proceed to indented
code chunk

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 9
End of code chunk,
check condition
again

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 9
Is 9 < 10? Yes,
proceed to indented
code chunk

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 10
End of code chunk,
check condition
again

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

```
x = 0
while (x < 10):
    x += 1
```

x = 10
Is 10 < 10? No,
proceed past loop

- What happens when we run this code?
- Python reads from top down
- When it enters the while loop, the indented code block will repeat until the condition is FALSE

while loops

- **while** loops can be especially useful when combined with the **input()** function
- For example, we may want to continue asking for input until the user tells us they are done:

```
*Untitled*
# Ask for initial input
phrase = input("Phrase (STOP to end):")

while (phrase != "STOP"):
    print("ECHO:", phrase)
    phrase = input("Phrase (STOP to end):")
Ln: 6 Col: 4
```

**15 minute
activity:
compute a
sum**

1. Write a program that
 - Uses a while loop to get a series of numbers from the user
 - Ask for numbers one at a time and store them in a list
 - Stop asking when the user enters a blank
2. Modify your program to compute the running total of the numbers the user has entered
 - Every time the user enters a new number, print the running total

Discussion

What did you come up with?

**15 minute
activity:
Memory game**

Write a program that plays a memory game with the user.

- Ask the user for animals one at a time and store them in a list
- After the user inputs an animal, check if they already input it previously
- If the animal is already in the list print "Repeat! You lose!". Otherwise, ask for another animal

Discussion

What did you come up with?